

**RAMAN AND X-RAY DIFFRACTION STUDIES ON BAREH₉: HIGH VOLUMETRIC CAPACITY
HYDROGEN STORAGE MATERIAL**

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Abstract

In-situ synchrotron x-ray diffraction up to 32.9 GPa and Raman spectroscopy up to 21 GPa was used to study the structural properties of BaReH₉ under pressure. Compression of the initial hexagonal structure (*P6₃/mmc*) with lattice parameters $a = 5.2882\text{\AA}$ and $c = 9.3225\text{\AA}$ and a $V = 112.891\text{\AA}^3$ resulted to a 33.4% volume reduction with a lattice parameter $a = 4.5735\text{\AA}$ and $c = 8.3036\text{\AA}$ and $V = 75.209\text{\AA}^3$ at 32.9 GPa. A bulk modulus of $K_0 = 23.9 \pm 1.0$ GPa and a pressure derivative $K' = 6.1 \pm 0.4$ GPa was obtained by fitting of pressure and volume data using obtained using 3rd order Birch-Murnaghan equation of state. The analysis of the x-ray data exhibited a possible orientation disorder in the crystal without any phase transformation in the studied pressure.